

## Capturing Croydon: National Curriculum links

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### **Geography National Curriculum KS2**

# Capturing Croydon activities and opportunities

Pupils should develop their use of geographical knowledge, understanding and skills to enhance their locational and place knowledge.

### Locational knowledge

Pupils should be taught to:

 name and locate counties and cities of the United Kingdom, geographical regions and their identifying human and physical characteristics, key topographical features (including hills, mountains, coasts and rivers), and land-use patterns; and understand how some of these aspects have changed over time. The fieldwork opportunity allowed pupils to:

- use correct geographical vocabulary out in the field to label, name, describe and explain human and physical features. They were able to summarise some of the characteristics of Croydon.
- investigate local history and consider how and why the town had changed and is still changing.
- think about what this place might look like in the future.

### **Human and physical geography**

Describe and understand key aspects of:

- physical geography, including: climate zones, biomes and vegetation belts, rivers, mountains, volcanoes and earthquakes, and the water cycle
- human geography, including: types of settlement and land use, economic activity including trade links, and the distribution of natural resources including energy, food, minerals and water.

(This locale was an urban environment, but the activity would work equally well in a rural environment. In this fieldwork, the focus was particularly on patterns of urban land use and settlement.)

- investigate shops, shopping centres and kinds of goods on sale
- think about links to economic activity and trade
- discuss the range of foodstuffs on sale in the street market, and local and global sources of food
- note the many different forms of transport and energy used to power them
- discuss how transport had changed over

### **Geographical skills and fieldwork**

- use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied
- use fieldwork to observe, measure, record and present the human and physical features in the local area using a range of methods, including sketch maps, plans and graphs, and digital technologies.
- use digital maps to investigate routes beforehand and to geo-locate images and uploaded them to digital OS maps
- observe, describe, explain and discuss human and physical features around Croydon using digital cameras, dialogue and Haiku.